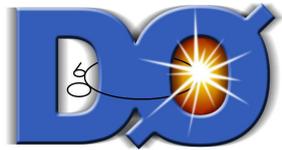


Top Properties and Cross-section



Daniel Wicke
(Bergische Universität Wuppertal)
for the CDF and DØ collaborations



Outline

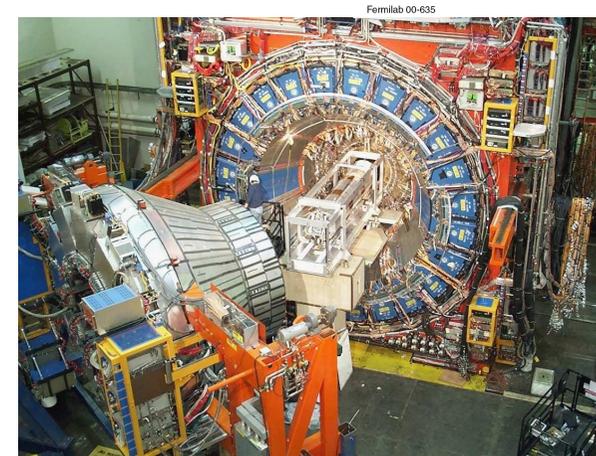
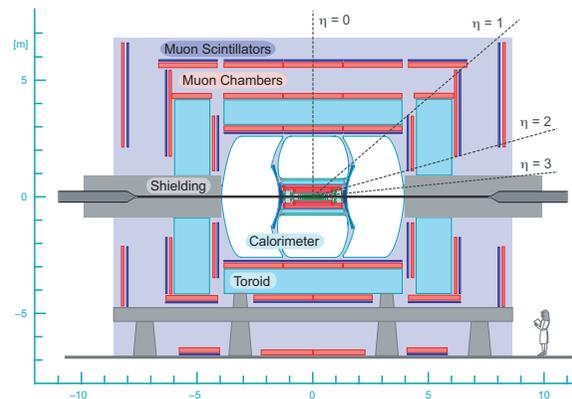
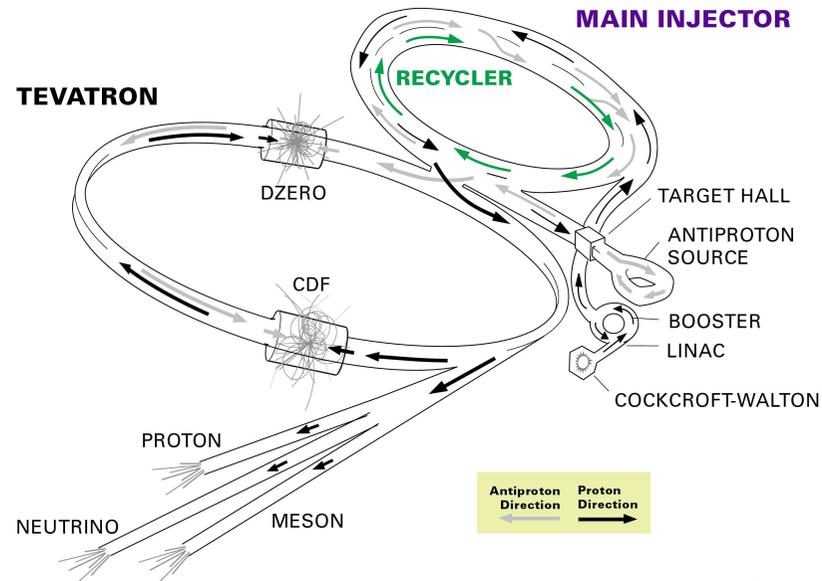
- Introduction
- Cross-section
- Properties

The $p\bar{p}$ Accelerator Tevatron

- Circumfence 7 km.
- $p\bar{p}$ collisions
- Run I (1987-1995)
- Run II (since 2001)
Collision energy 2 TeV
- 2 experiments, CDF and DØ, record events.

$\mathcal{L} > 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ on tape.
Today: upto $\sim 3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

FERMILAB'S ACCELERATOR CHAIN



Standard Model Top Production & Decay Channels

Strong production mechanism.

Electroweak production (single top) covered
by G. Otero

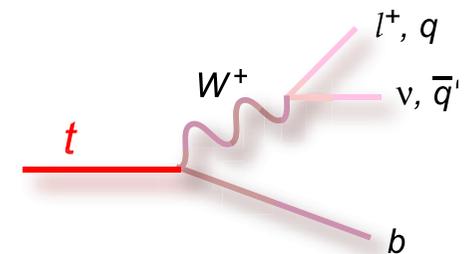
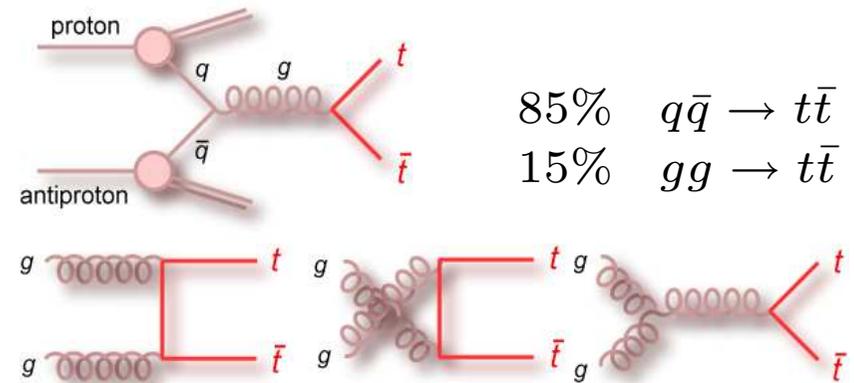
- Top quarks produced in pairs
- In SM top quark decays to bW ($\sim 100\%$).
- Decay modes are defined by W -decays:
 - Dilepton $(2b + 2\ell + 2\nu)$
 - Lepton+jets $(2b + 2q + \ell\nu)$
 - Alljets $(2b + 4q)$

Taus always treated separately, often $\ell = e, \mu$

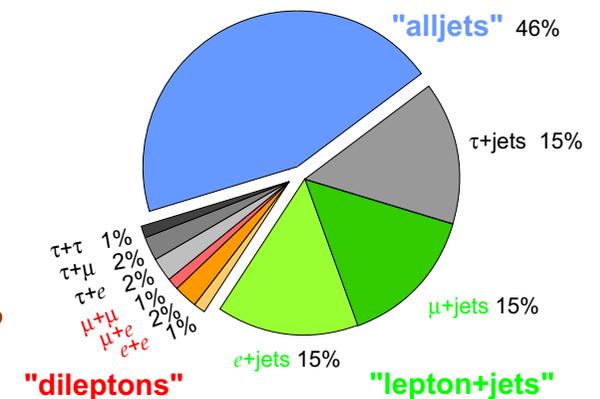
Cleanest channel: Dilepton.

Golden channel: Lepton+jets.

Can these be verified? Does it show expected properties?



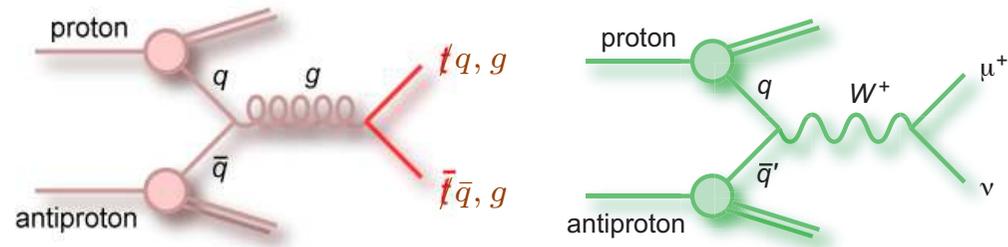
Top Pair Branching Fractions



Top Pair Production Cross-section

Dominant backgrounds

Same signature / jets faking ℓ or \cancel{E}_T

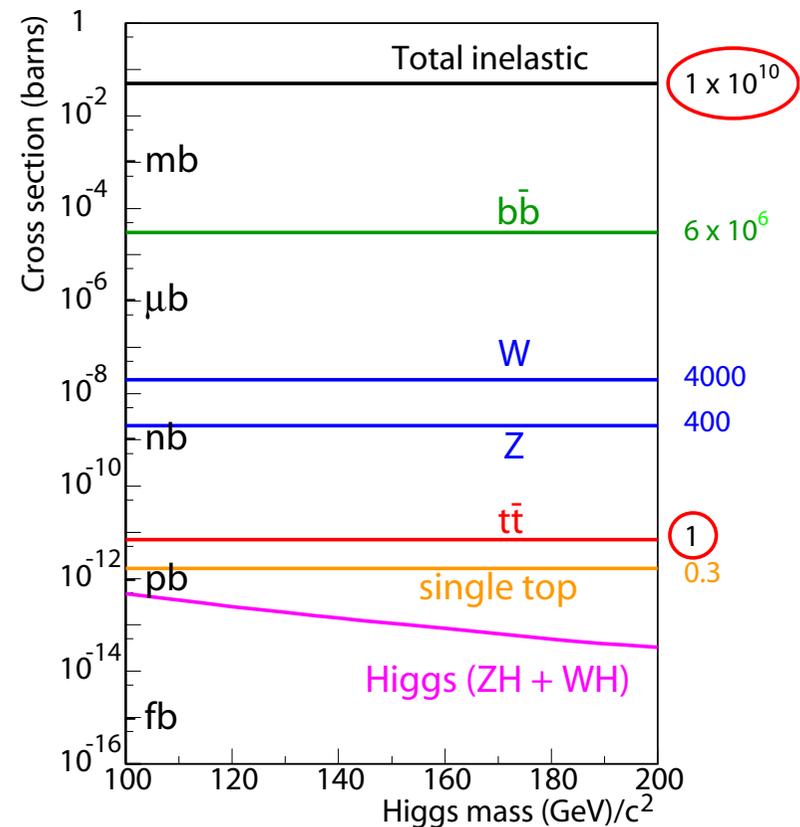


- Multijet events
($q\bar{q}$ or gg + gluon radiation)
- W +jets
- Z +jets

the “+jets” helps suppression.

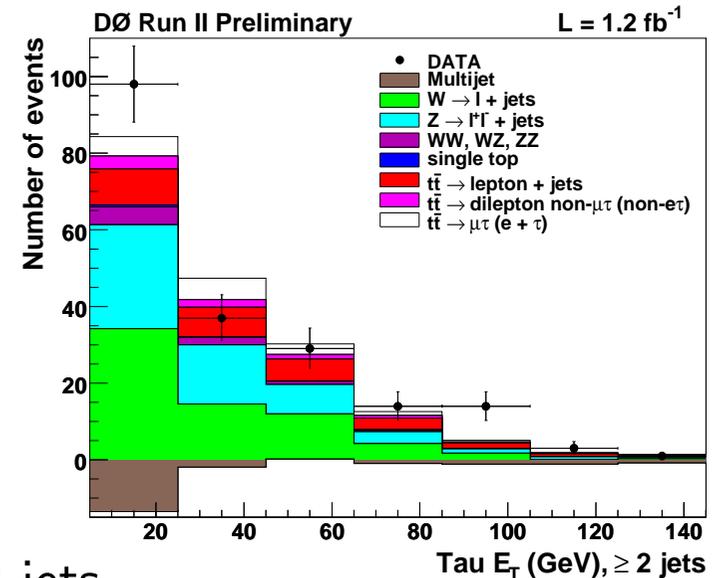
Simulation of multijet events
and of fake rates difficult/unprecise

⇒ Estimation from data.



Tau plus other Lepton Channel (DØ: 2.2 fb^{-1})

- Identify hadronic tau with neural networks
 - $\tau \rightarrow \pi^\pm + \nu_\tau$
 - $\tau \rightarrow \pi^\pm + n\pi^0 + \nu_\tau$
 - $\tau \rightarrow 3\pi^\pm + n\pi^0 + \nu_\tau$
- Based on track quantities, calorimeter energies and shower shapes



Further require isolated e or μ , \cancel{E}_T and at least 2 jets

- W +jets background from data before b -tagging
- Multijet background from same sign leptons before b -tagging
- From sample with opposite sign leptons and ≥ 1 b -tagged jets:

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 7.32^{+1.34}_{-1.24} \text{ (stat)} \quad ^{+1.20}_{-1.06} \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.45 \text{ (lumi) pb}$$

Dominant systematics: Background / MC statistics

Top Cross-section over Z Cross-section (CDF: $2.7/2.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

In ℓ +jets channel luminosity uncertainty dominating \Rightarrow measure ratios.

Top Pair

Isolated e or μ , \cancel{E}_T and ≥ 3 jets

- with identified b -jet:
Backgrounds from data before tagging
- with topological neural net:
Backgrounds from fit to neural net shapes

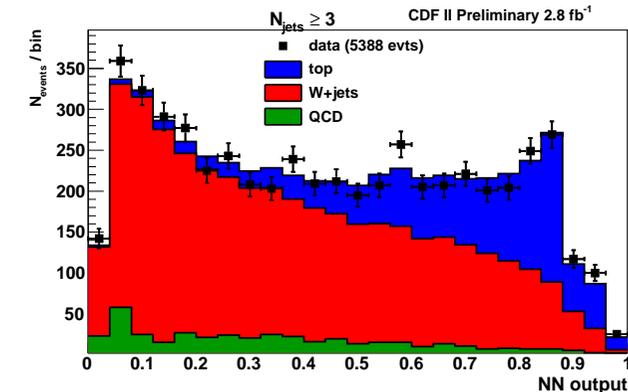
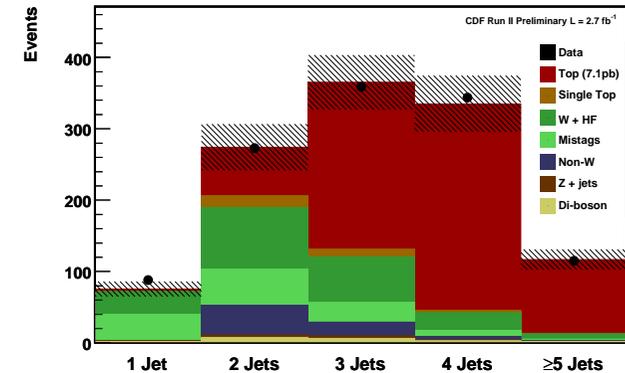
Z Boson

- Dilepton events with $66 \text{ GeV} < m_{\ell\ell} < 116 \text{ GeV}$

Results

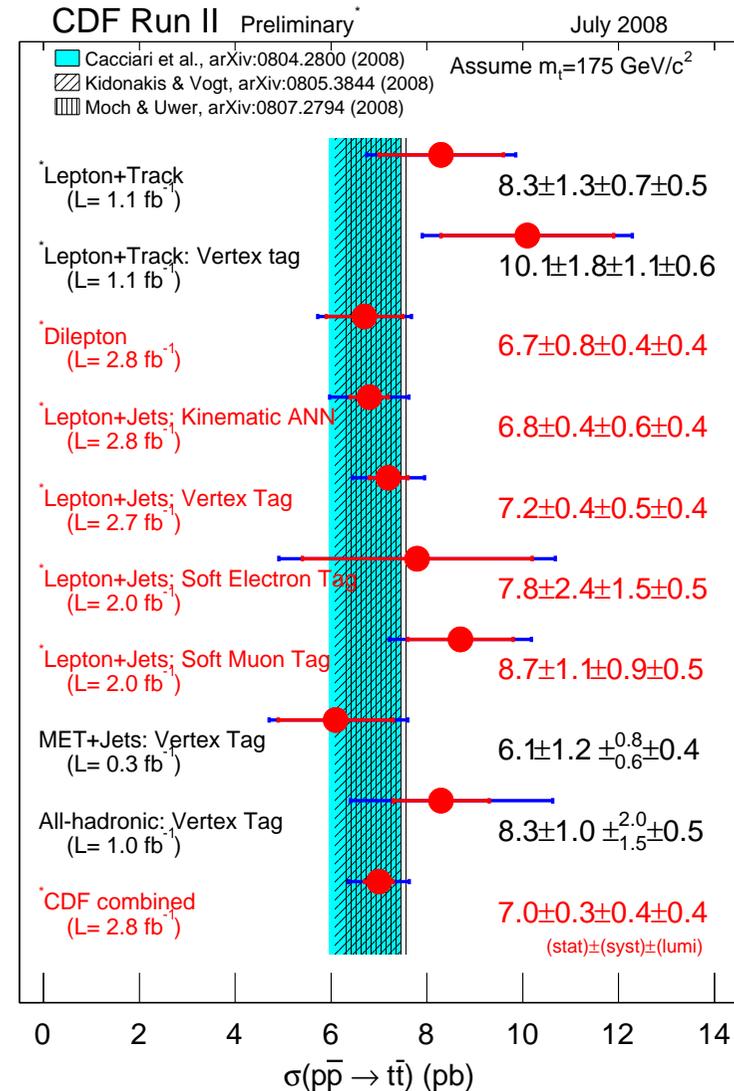
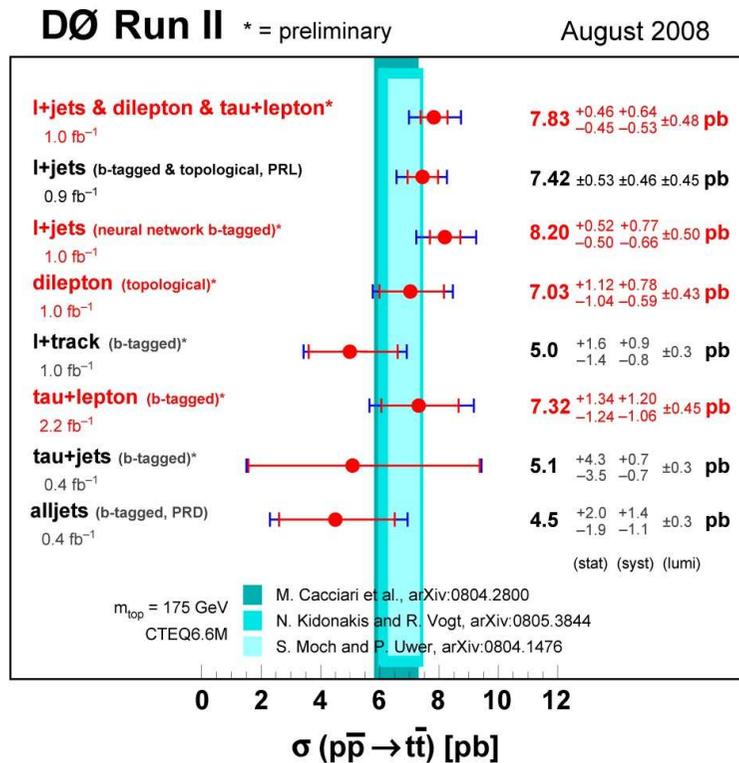
Use theory $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ cross-section

- $\sigma_{Z \rightarrow \ell\ell} / \sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 35.7 \pm 3.8 \Rightarrow \sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 7.0 \pm 0.4_{(\text{stat})} \pm 0.6_{(\text{syst})} \pm 0.1_{(\text{theory})} \text{ pb}$
- $\sigma_{Z \rightarrow \ell\ell} / \sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 36.5 \pm 2.9 \Rightarrow \sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 6.9 \pm 0.4_{(\text{stat})} \pm 0.4_{(\text{syst})} \pm 0.14_{(\text{theory})} \text{ pb}$
No luminosity uncertainty; 8% total uncertainty



Overview of Cross-section Results

- Efficiencies depend on top mass
- Results given for $m_t = 175$ GeV
- Good agreement between channels



Non-standard decay mode

New particles in the final state alter deduced $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ depending on decay channel

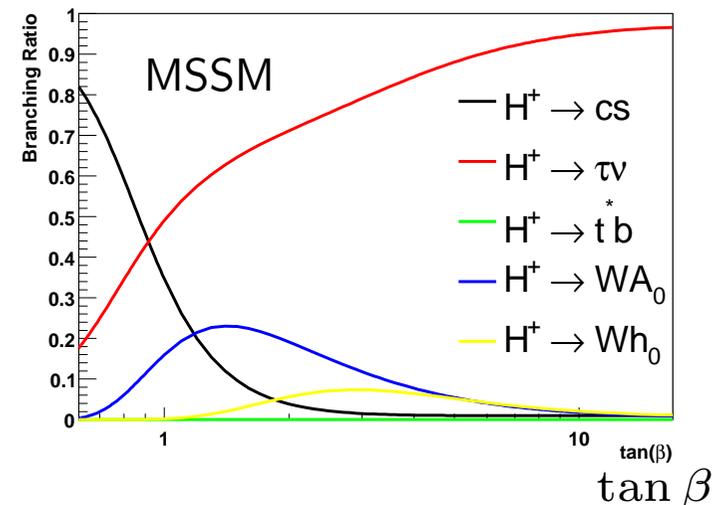
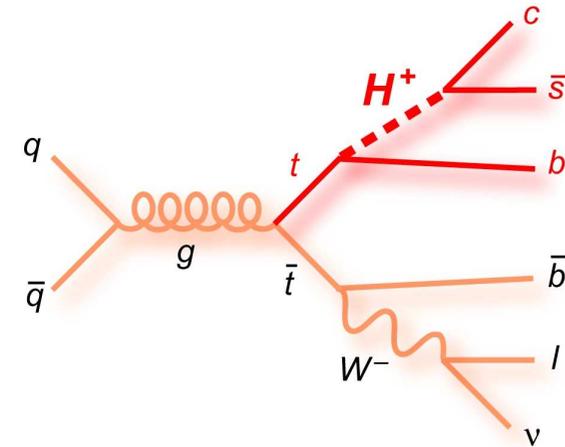
Ch = ℓ + jets, Dilepton, τ + lepton

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{\text{Ch}} = \sigma_{t\bar{t}} \cdot \frac{B^{\text{BSM}}(t\bar{t} \rightarrow \text{Ch})}{B^{\text{SM}}(t\bar{t} \rightarrow \text{Ch})}$$

- Check cross-section ratios

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{\ell+\text{jets}} / \sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{\text{Dilepton}} / \sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{\tau+\ell}$$

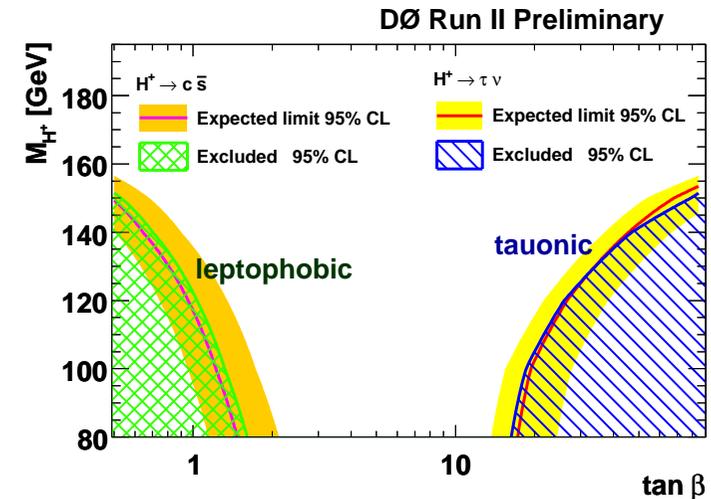
Within MSSM $H^\pm \rightarrow cs$ or $\tau\nu$ dominating depending on $\tan\beta$ and charged Higgs mass



Limits on Charged Higgs

DØ: From cross-section ratios (1 fb^{-1})

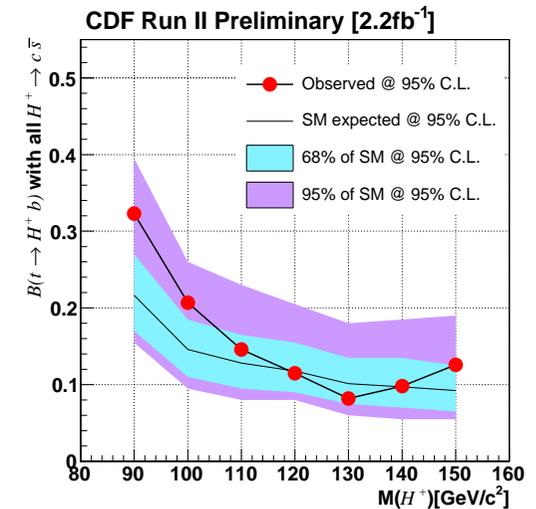
- Combine number of events in ℓ +jets, dilepton and τ +lepton (lepton= e, μ)
- Correlations of systematics taken into account.
- Limits $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} \mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow H^+)$ for leptophobic and tauonic decay and in MSSM plane \uparrow



CDF: Using kinematic differences (2.2 fb^{-1})

ℓ +jets events

- Compare **dijet mass distribution** to templates
- Here: assuming leptophobic decay: $H^\pm \rightarrow cs$
- Sensitivity improved at high m_{H^\pm} ; reduced near m_W

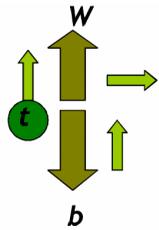


W-Helicity in Top Decays

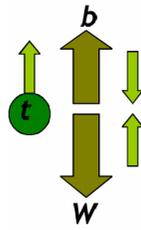
Does the top decay show the expected spin structure?

SM: only lefthanded particles couple to W s ($V - A$ coupling),

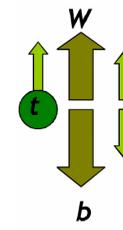
W is lefthanded or longitudinal.



Longitudinal W
SM: $f_0 = 70\%$



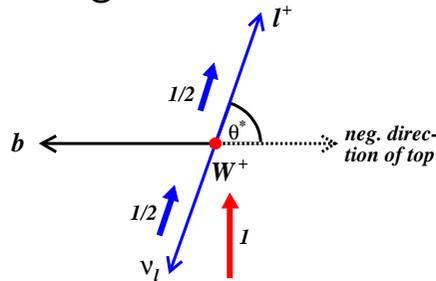
Left-handed W
SM: $f_- = 30\%$



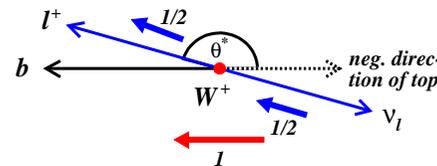
Right-handed W
SM: suppressed ($f_+ \simeq 0$)

In W -restframe lepton from W stays (preferably)

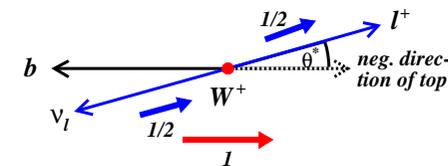
orthogonal to b



along b -direction

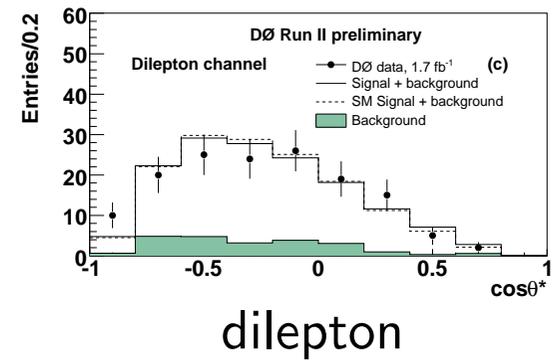
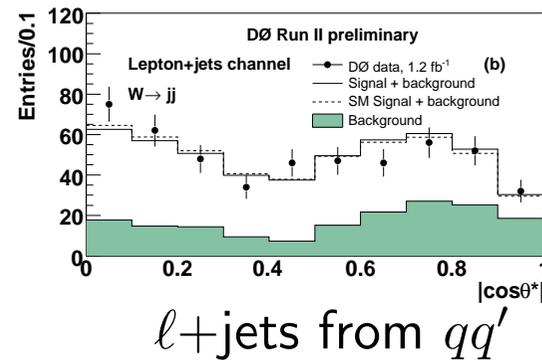
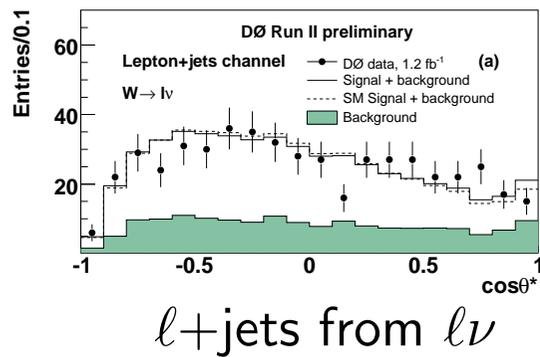


opposite to b -direction

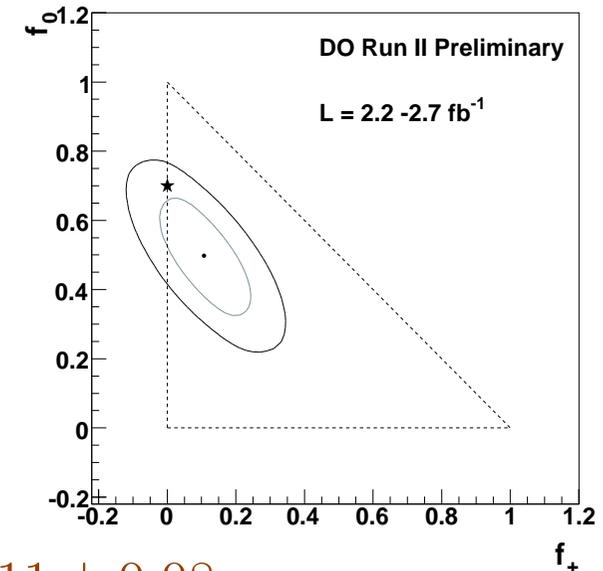


One possible observable: decay angle between b and l ; $\cos \theta^*$

Results from decay angle $\cos \theta^*$ (CDF & DØ: $1.9 - 2.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)



- CDF uses l +jets; DØ uses l +jets and dilepton
- Compare to templates for left, right handed and longitudinal polarisation
- Fit polarisation fractions: f_0 , f_+



DØ ($2.2 - 2.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$): $f_0 = 0.49 \pm 0.14$ and $f_+ = +0.11 \pm 0.08$

CDF (1.9 fb^{-1}): $f_0 = 0.66 \pm 0.16$ and $f_+ = -0.03 \pm 0.07$

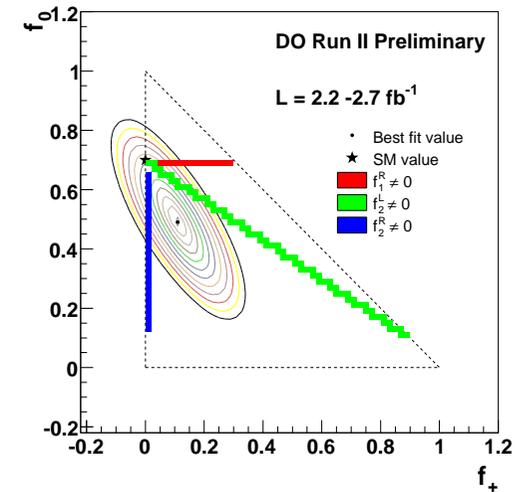
SM: $f_0 = 0.7$ $f_+ \simeq 0$

Anomalous Couplings

- Wtb vertex may have left/right vector, $f_1^{L/R}$, and tensor, $f_2^{L/R}$, couplings
- Combine information from Single Top and W Helicity
- Two couplings at a time (others assumed small)

W Helicity

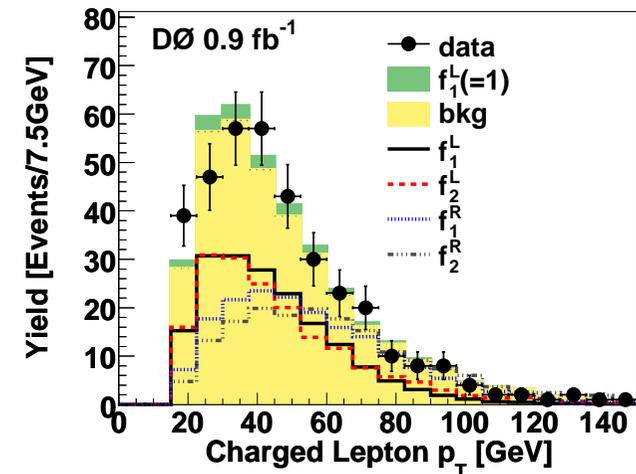
- from above



Single Top Sample (DØ)

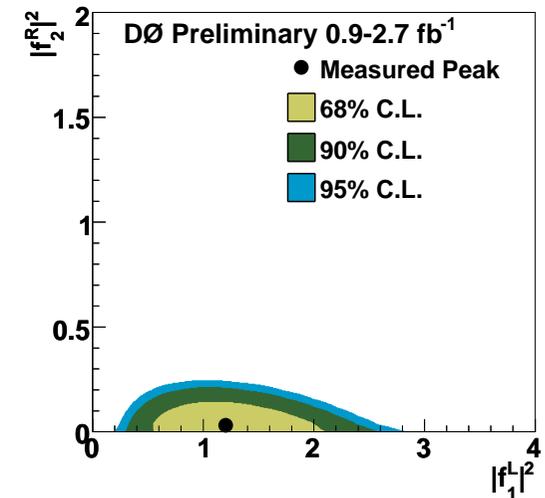
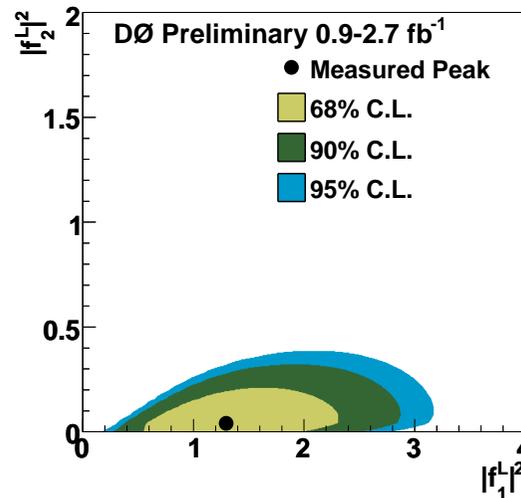
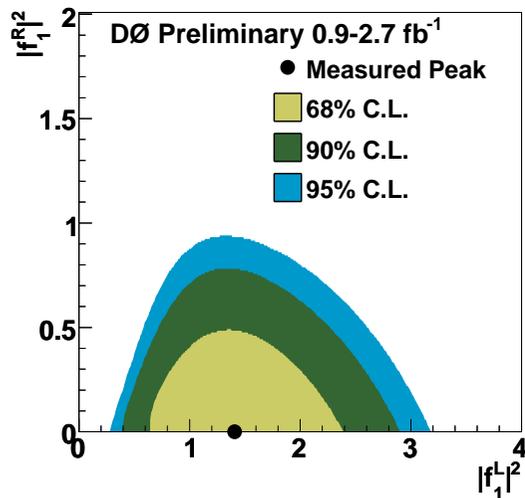
Based on 0.9 fb⁻¹ DT (see G. Otero for details)

- Anomalous coup. change single top kinematics
- Example: p_T^ℓ for pure anomalous couplings:
- Boosted Decision Trees trained separately for three anomalous scenarios



Combined Anomalous Coupling Result ($D\emptyset$: $0.9 - 2.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

- Inputs: Decision Tree output (Single Top) and $\cos \theta^*$ distributions (Top Pairs)
- Simultaneous comparison to templates for anomalous coupling scenarios
- Bayesian statistics is used to set combined limits



All in good agreement with SM expectation of $f_1^L = 1$ and others = 0

Resonant Top Pairproduction

No resonant top production in SM

Some models contain heavy resonances with decay to $t\bar{t}$

Visible in invariant mass $\frac{d\sigma}{dm_{t\bar{t}}}$

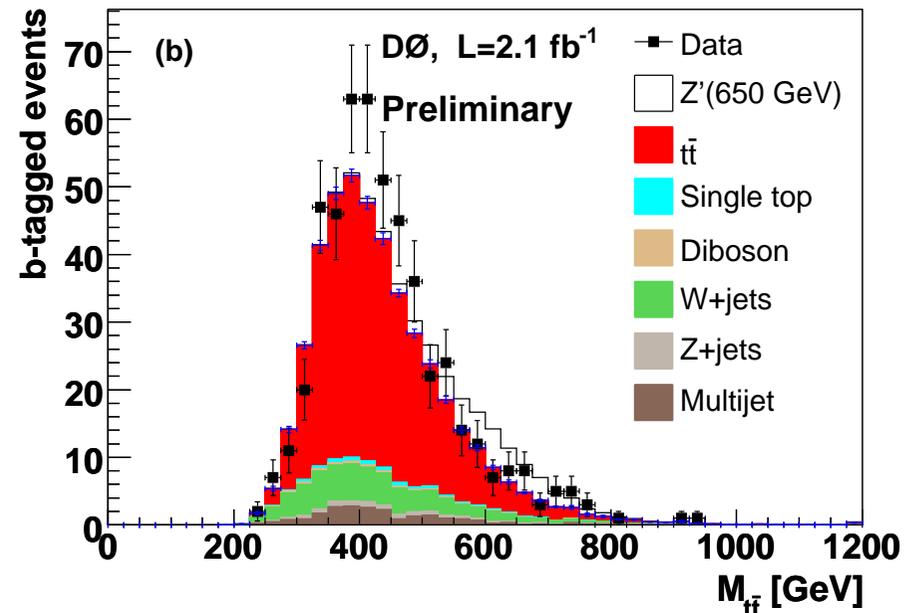
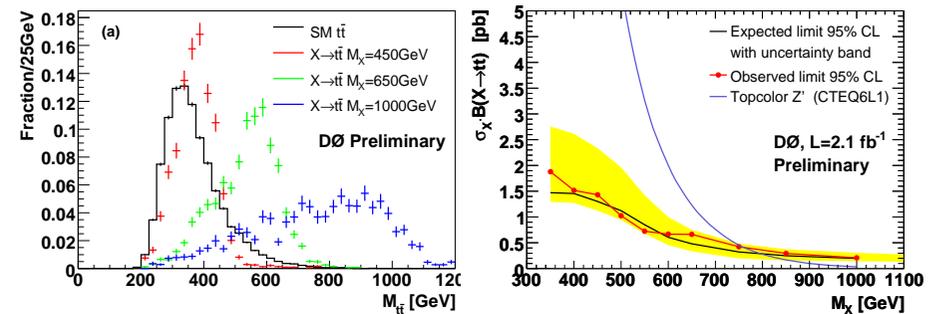
Search for narrow resonances

- DØ: $M_{t\bar{t}}$ from direct reconstruction
- No significant deviations.
- Limits on $\sigma_X \mathcal{B}(X \rightarrow t\bar{t})$.

E.g. topcolor-assisted technicolor:

DØ: $M_{Z'} > 760 \text{ GeV}$ (expected 795 GeV)

(DØ: $L = 2.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$; Last CDF: $M_{Z'} > 720 \text{ GeV}$ from 0.9 fb^{-1})



Unfolded Differential Cross-section (CDF: 2.7 fb^{-1})

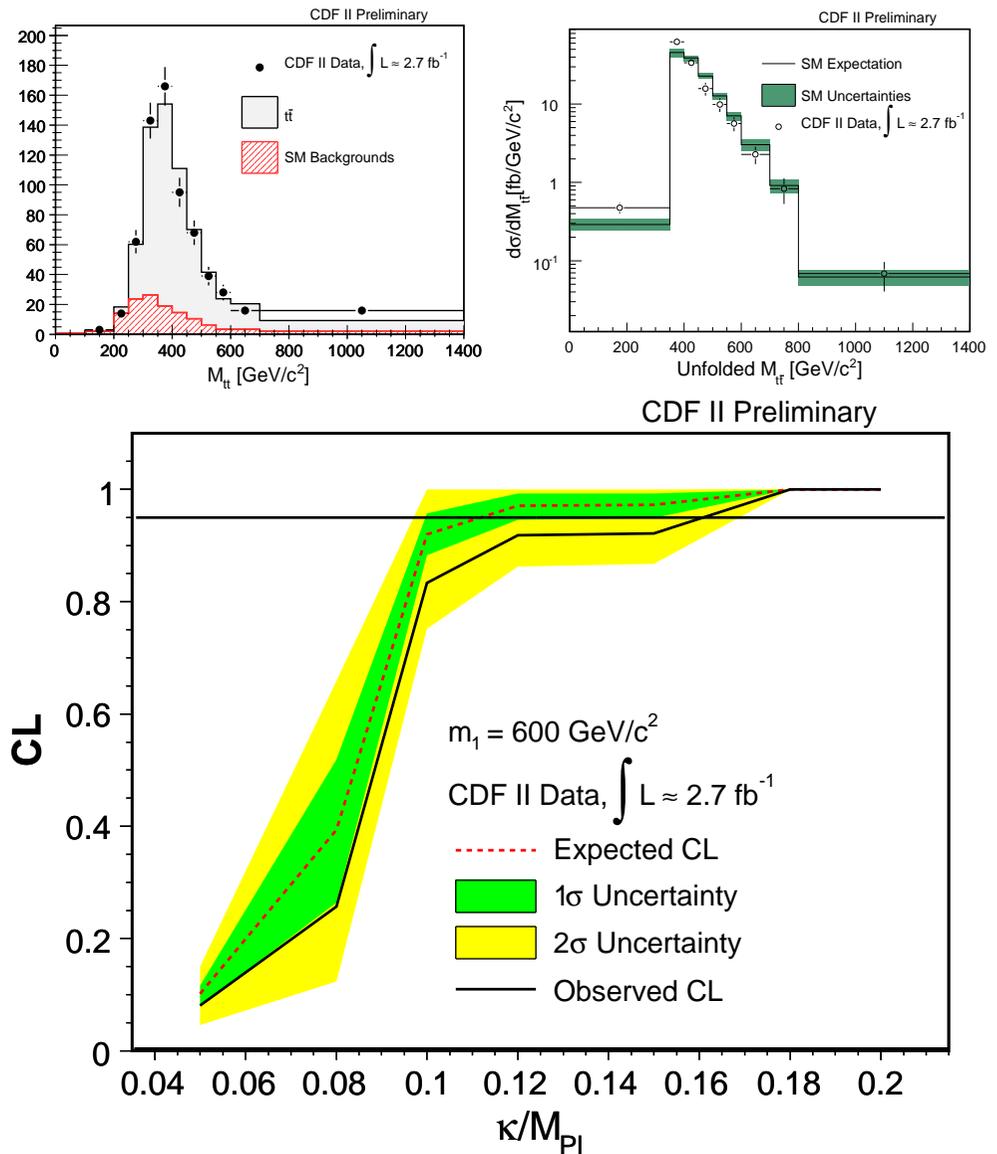
Analysis flow

- $M_{t\bar{t}}$ from direct reconstruction
- Background subtracted
- Detector effects unfolded

Good agreement with SM:
Only 28% of pseudo experiments show larger deviation

BSM results

- Limits on Randall-Sundrum model
- $\kappa/M_{\text{Pl}} > 0.16$ at 95% C.L.
($m_1 = 600 \text{ GeV}$)



Stop Pair Production

Are we really looking at top quarks only?

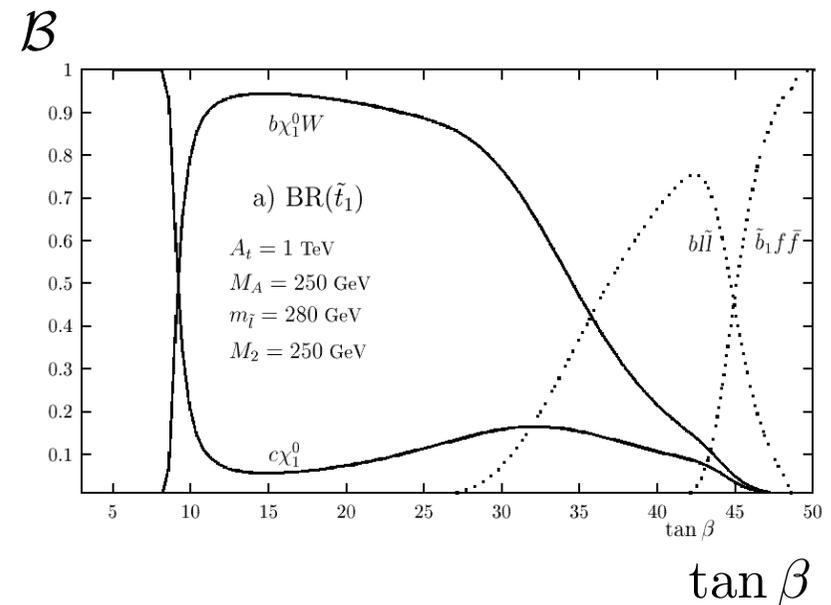
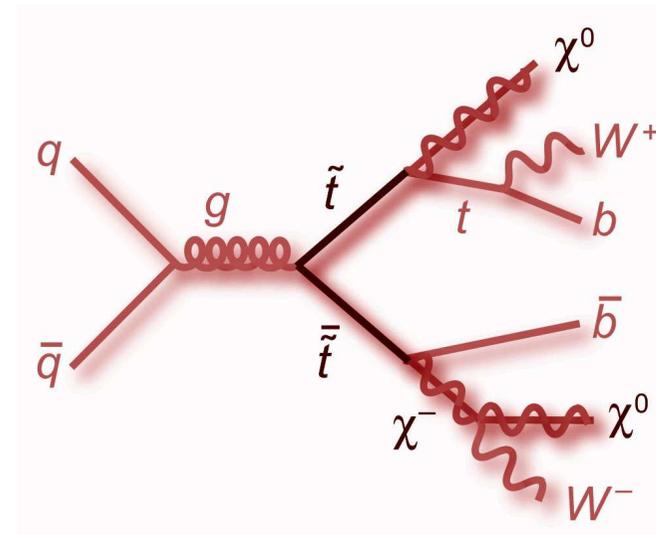
- An admixture of particles with similar signature might have gone unnoticed

- Stop, \tilde{t} , is such a candidate

- Decays: $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 t \rightarrow \chi_1^0 b W$
 $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^+ b \rightarrow \chi_1^0 b W$

- Signature as top pair, but extra \cancel{E}_T

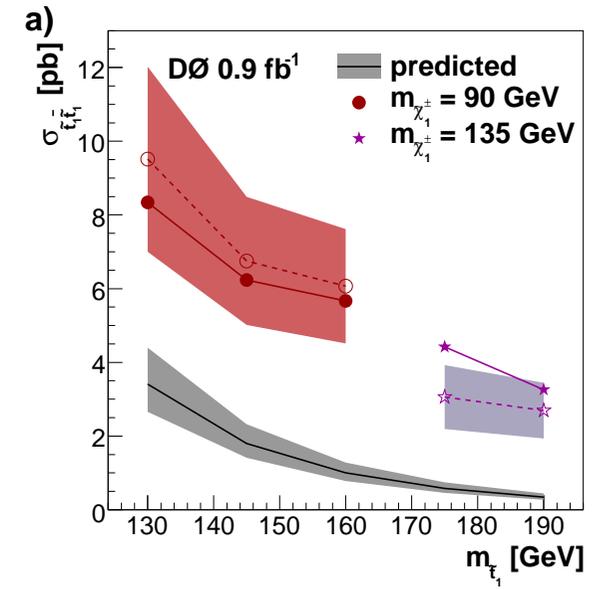
- Decays similar to top-quarks can dominate over a large range of $\tan \beta$



DØ Results (1 fb^{-1})

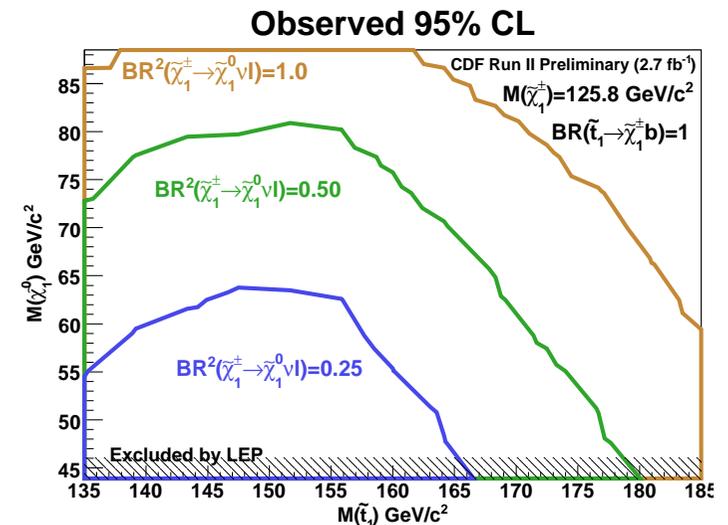
- ℓ +jets channel
- Distinguish stop from top: likelihood discriminant from simulation
- m_t from fit sensitive

Limits on cross-section for various $m_{\tilde{t}}, m_{\chi^\pm}$
 MSSM prediction not reached, yet.



CDF Results (2.7 fb^{-1})

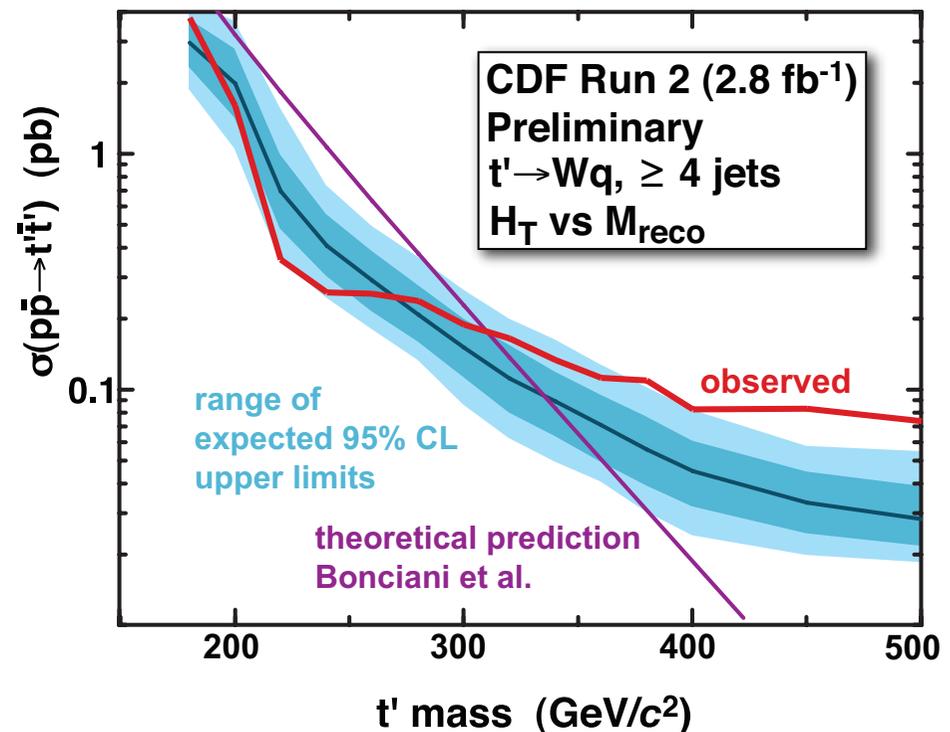
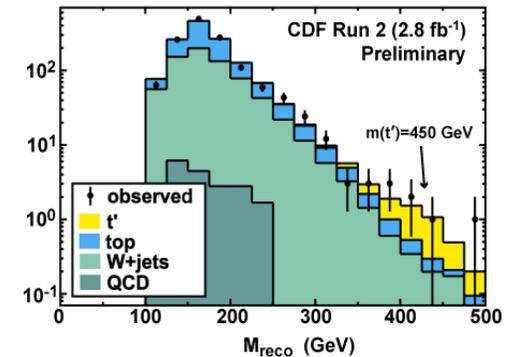
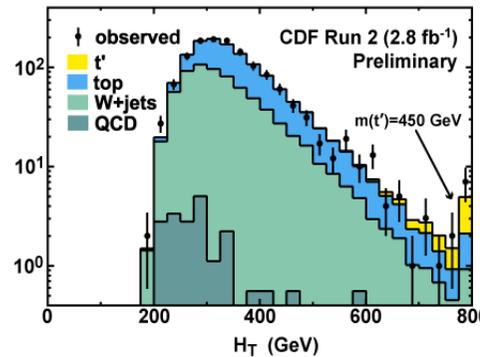
- Dilepton channel
- Determine stop mass (à la ν weighting)
- Limits in stop vs. neutralino mass plane
 - very few assumptions.



Fourth Generation u -type Quark: t' (CDF: 2.8 fb^{-1})

The 'top' samples could contain a fourth generation quark, t'

- $l + \text{jets}$
 - t' vs t separation:
 - Scalar sum of transverse momenta, H_T
 - $t^{(\prime)}$ mass from kin. fit.
 - Observed cross-section limits fall behind expected ones for $m_{t'} > 300 \text{ GeV}$
- t' mass $> 311 \text{ GeV}$ @ 95% C.L.



Summary

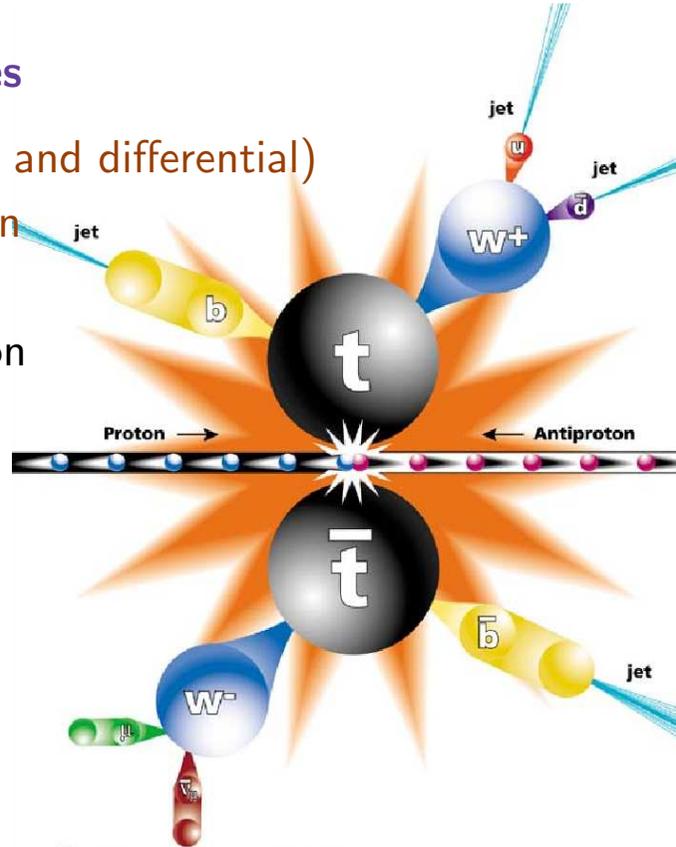
- Top cross-section and properties results are available with improved precision
- Tevatron experiments CDF and DØ check all aspects of the top quark:

Production Properties

- Cross-section (total and differential)
- Resonant production
- Charge asymmetry
- Gluon fusion fraction
- ...

Inherent properties

- Top charge
- Width; lifetime
- s_{Top} or Top'
- ...



Decay Properties

- W Helicity
- Wtb anomalous couplings
- Branching fraction; V_{tb}
- FCNC
- Invisible decay
- Charged Higgs
- ttH
- W'
- ...



- *No evidence for new physics, yet.*